

9. What happens if the application for citizenship is not approved? ***(If an application for citizenship is not approved, the applicant may appeal the decision.)***
10. Who makes the decisions regarding citizenship applications? ***(Applications for citizenship in Canada are heard before a judge.)***
11. Which federal government agency is responsible for citizenship? ***(The Secretary of State is the federal government agency responsible for citizenship.)***
12. When can requirements for citizenship be waived? ***(The Minister of the department can waive the requirements for citizenship in the case of refugees or if a person has rendered exceptional service for Canada.)***
13. What is immigration? ***(Immigration is the movement of people into a country from other countries.)***
14. How can Canada be called a nation of immigrants? ***(Canada can be called a nation of immigrants because millions of people from hundreds of countries have emigrated to Canada. Today, one out of every six Canadians was born outside of Canada and of these, two out of three were born in Europe.)***

Follow-up:

Have the students write an answer to the following question: "Explain the difference between citizenship and immigration."

Answers: (page 9)

1. Citizenship is the membership in a particular nation or country. Immigration is the movement of people from one place to another with the intention of settling.
2. People can become citizens of a country in two ways:
 1. birth - being born in the country or
 2. naturalization - applying for and becoming a citizen of the country.
3. Every Canadian citizen has the right to vote and run for office, the right to free speech and the right to remain in and re-enter the country.
4. The Secretary of State is the federal government department responsible for citizenship.
5. Since the arrival of the first Europeans, millions of immigrants have come to Canada from all over of the world. Today, one out of every six Canadians was born outside of the country and two of three of these were born in Europe.
6. An exception to the rule is that children born outside of Canada to Canadian parents become Canadian citizens at birth.
7.
 - a) citizen - a resident of a country or nation by birth or choice
 - b) permanent resident - a person who intends to live and work in a particular country
 - c) revoked - taken away

